

Highlights of Purba Bardhaman visit on 25.12.21 & 26.12.2021

Purbasthali I Block

In response to the invitation from Hon'ble MIC, Animal Resource Development Department, GoWB, the Chairman of W.B.Biodiversity Board along with other officials attended the Khal Bill Chuno Mach Utsav Khal Bill Welfare Society at Bansdah Bill, Purbasthali, Purba Bardhaman.

After the said programme a visit was conducted to the vicinity of the Purbasthali water body to explore the possibilities of conservation initiative and livelihood promotion of local people. The areas for development of Butterfly Garden medicinal planta garden, grassland for children play ground, indigenous plantation area for checking bank erosion and sustaining avifaunal diversity were demarcated for conservation initiatives to be taken.

Bardhaman II Block

The proposed site for development of biodiversity park at Mogran Dighi, Hatgobindapur under Gobindapur GP of Bardhaman II block was visited along with the Panchayat functionaries. It was suggested to use the vast waterbody by cultivating indigenous fishes along with some cash crops like rohu, katla, mrigal etc.

The site may also be linked with tourism through promoting some eco-huts. An existing fruit garden with indigenous fruits like aam, kanthal, lebu, narkel in one side of the bank is encouraged to link with livelihoods. Board officials suggested some guidelines to the block administration.

Khandaghosh Block

The proposed site for biodiversity park at Amral Dighi under Amral GP of Khandaghosh block was also visited. The site has the potentiality for developing biodiversity park and livelihood promotion linking with tourism. Board officials shared their valued suggestions to the block administration for the proposed biodiversity park.

The Board officials also visited a green cover of mango plantation in Khandagosh G.P. along both side of canal bank of nearly 5 k.m. stretch having 46 acres of land. More than 15000 mature mango plants with seasonal produce have immense environmental value sustaining innumerable biodiversity components. The canal also maintains the natural dynamics of indigenous fishes. It was suggested to local administration to verify the land details of the area before initiating biodiversity conservation plan.